

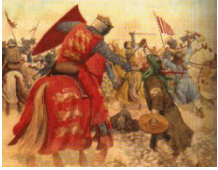
Constructive Response Question
Summarize the Crusades including causes and effects.



The Middle Ages
Outcome: The Crusades

1. The Crusades

a. What is a crusade?



- i. A _____ involving the journey of thousands of Europeans to reclaim the holy land of _____ in the name of Christianity
- ii. In all, there were ___ or ___ Crusades (depending on your source)

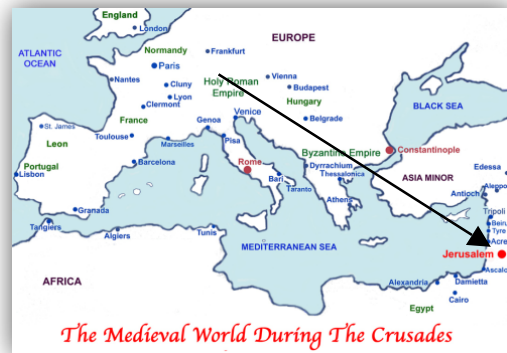
b. When were the Crusades?

- i. Starts in _____ and lasts for nearly _____ years

c. Why crusade? Social, Economic, Spiritual, & Political reasons

- i. _____: Opportunity to get _____ to stop fighting each other and fight a new foe. These knights _____ in Europe.
- ii. _____: The Holy lands of Jerusalem were generally _____ than Europe and many wanted to _____ of that wealth
- iii. _____: Younger _____ who did not stand to inherit _____ were looking for _____ and adventure
- iv. _____: Merchants supplied _____ to finance the journey
- v. _____: A chance for the pope to _____ instead of Byzantine rival
- vi. _____: Fight/Die on Crusade = _____ to _____ (Christian _____)

Christian Crusaders often wore a red cross on their tunics/shields



2. What happened:

a. First Crusade



- i. _____ called for a holy war against Muslims controlling holy lands
- ii. Urban's call brought _____ for the Crusade
- iii. Those who died on Crusade were assured a _____
- iv. " _____!" was the battle cry
- v. _____ mile journey from Europe to Jerusalem
- vi. Eventually, _____ approached Jerusalem and besieged it for a month
- vii. On July 15, 1099, the _____
- viii. In the process, the Christians _____ all of the _____ left in the city

Saladin



Second Crusade

- i. The Muslim Army under command of _____ captured Jerusalem again in 1187
- ii. The _____ to defeat Saladin and recapture the city

c. The Third Crusade

i. Led by 3 of Europe's most powerful _____

1. _____ of France – went home

2. German Emperor _____ – _____ on journey

3. English _____

← a. Fought many battles against _____

b. Agreed to a _____ with Saladin in 1192

i. Jerusalem stayed under _____

ii. Saladin promised _____ could freely visit the city's _____



d. Other attempts

i. 4th Crusade _____ to recapture Jerusalem

ii. In the 1200s, four more Crusades were also _____

iii. The _____ Crusade (read p. 384) _____ →



3. Effects of the Crusades

a. Example of Church _____

b. _____ between Europe and Southwest Asia

c. Thousands of _____ and other participants _____

d. Those who survived brought back _____ to Europe

e. Persecution of _____; thousands were slaughtered because they were _____

f. Failure of later Crusades _____

g. The Crusades weakened the power of the _____ (Knights were dead)

h. Began a legacy of _____ and _____ of Christians for the Muslims and _____

Result: The Crusades were a violation of “_____.” It was also an example of an abuse of church _____. The effects of the Crusades are _____ through that region of the world today.



Constructive Response Question

Summarize the Crusades including causes and effects.